## Imperial Meesures of Length

The most common imperial units are: the inch, the foot, the yard, and the mile. We can use a personal referent to estimate a length. A referent is an approximate measure for an imperial unit. Thumb length, foot length, and arm span are all referents.

| Unit | Referent | Relationship Between Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inch (in.) | Thumb length |  |
| Foot (ft.) | Foot length | $1 \mathrm{ft} .=12 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Yard (yd.) | Arm span | 1 yd. $=3 \mathrm{ft}=.36 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Mile (mi.) | Distance walked in 20 minutes | $1 \mathrm{mi} .=1760 \mathrm{yd}=.5280 \mathrm{ft}$. |

## Example 1: Estimating Lengths Using Imperial Units

Q. Describe how you would estimate the width of your locker.
A.

## Example 2: Converting Between Imperial Units

Q. Convert:
a) 5 miles to yards
b) 100 inches to feet and inches
A.

## Example 3: Problems Involving Conversions

Q. Alex purchased 7 yards of ribbon to trim some napkins. The ribbon is sewn around a napkin, which is 14 inches wide and 16 inches long. How many napkins can Alex trim with this ribbon?
A.

## Example 4: Problems Involving Scale Diagrams

Q. A map of M anitoba has a scale of 1:6500 000. Mr. Shumsky wants to go from his hometown of Oakbank to visit his grandma in Dauphin. The distance between Oakbank and Dauphin is $2 \frac{3}{5}$ in. What is the distance between the two locations?
A.

## Hints:

1. It takes MORE smaller units to measure the same length, so the number should INCREASE as you convert from larger units such as the mile to smaller units such as the inch.
2. When problem solving, it's often easier to convert to the smaller unit.
3. Using a unit analysis will ensure your final conversion unit is correct.

Homework: Pg. 11-12: Odd \#'s ONLY

